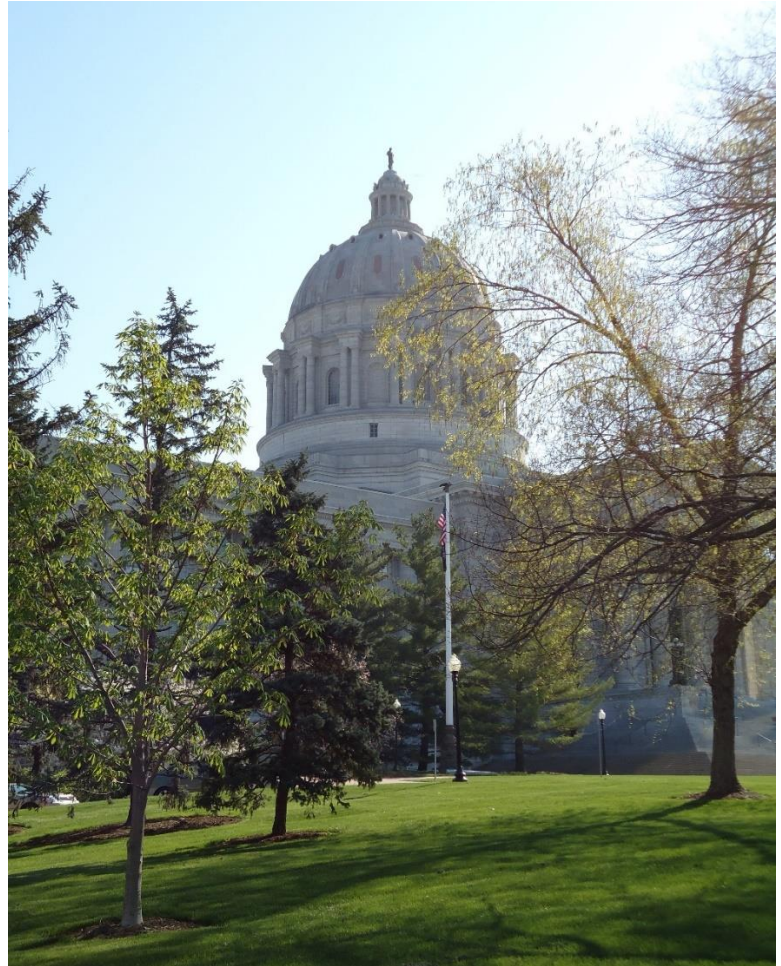




2020 Missouri Legislative Session



Important Issues Affecting Missouri Employers



Associated Industries of Missouri applauds extremely successful session

Business priorities succeed despite COVID-19 pandemic

The 2020 Legislative Session was abbreviated as legislators took an unplanned and extended Spring Break due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 virus and the resulting quarantine and government mandated business closures intended to protect the public health.

Topping the list of accomplishments was the passage of SB 591, a bill reforming the way punitive damages are sought in civil cases and reforming the Missouri Merchandising Practices Act to prevent abuse by clever attorneys.

“We applaud the work of the Missouri legislature in passing SB 591. The threat of punitive damages, when such damages have no merit, often drives up the cost of cases without any benefit to the community at large, which is supposed to be the reason for such damages.”

**Jerry M. Hunter, partner in Bryan Cave Leighton Paisner and
Chairman of the Board of Directors of Associated Industries of
Missouri.**

Important legislation affecting Missouri tax liability, environmental fees, elections, and more were passed in the 2020 Legislative Session.



Tort and Legal Reform

SS#2 SCS SB 591

Punitive Damages and Missouri Merchandising Practices Act Reform

Sponsor: Sen. Bill White

Handler: Rep. Bruce DeGroot

STATUS: Truly Agreed and Finally Passed

This bill modifies statutes relating to civil actions, including unlawful merchandising practices and punitive damages. The provisions of this bill will apply to any cause of action filed on or after August 28, 2020. Associated Industries of Missouri fully supports the bill.

This bill provides that punitive damages may only be awarded if the plaintiff proves by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant intentionally harmed the plaintiff without just cause or acted with a deliberate and flagrant disregard for the safety of others, and the plaintiff is awarded more than nominal damages. Punitive damages may be awarded against an employer due to an employee's conduct in certain situations, as provided in the bill. When an employer admits liability for the actions of an agent in a claim for compensatory damages, the court shall grant limited discovery consisting only of employment records and documents or information related to the agent's qualifications.

A claim for punitive damages shall not be contained in the initial pleading and may only be filed as a written motion with permission of the court no later than 120 days prior to the final pretrial conference or trial date. The written motion for punitive damages must be supported by evidence. The amount of punitive damages shall not be based on harm to nonparties. A pleading seeking a punitive damage award may be filed only after the court determines that the trier of fact could reasonably conclude that the standards for a punitive damage award, as provided in the bill, have been met. The responsive pleading shall be limited to a response of the newly amended punitive damages claim.

Currently, if the defendant has previously paid punitive damages in another state for the same conduct, following a hearing, the court may credit the jury award of punitive damages by the amount previously paid. This bill provides that the defendant may also be credited for punitive damages paid in a federal court.



The process for determining punitive damages, those awarded above and beyond actual damages, has warranted revision for a long time. Punitive damages are not proper in every case and should be reserved for cases in which the defendant has intentionally caused harm. At the very least, punitive damages should not be alleged in every case. The revisions in SB 591 will allow those damages to be assessed when a judge and/or jury decides they are proper and will have a positive effect in changing behavior, which is the purpose of punitive damages.

A person seeking to recover damages for unlawful merchandising practices must establish that the person acted as a reasonable consumer and that the alleged unlawful act would cause a reasonable person to enter into the transaction that resulted in damages. The plaintiff must also establish the damages with sufficiently definitive and objective evidence to allow the loss to be calculated with a reasonable degree of certainty. A court may dismiss a claim for failure to show a likelihood that the alleged unlawful act would mislead a reasonable consumer. In a class action, any class representative shall establish these requirements. All other members of the class shall establish individual damages in a manner determined by the court.

In addition to current damages available, a court may provide equitable relief as it deems necessary to protect the party from the unlawful acts. No action may be brought under the Missouri Merchandising Practices Act to recover damages for personal injury or death in which a claim arises out of the rendering of or failure to render health care services. The act also provides any award of attorneys' fees shall bear a reasonable relationship to the amount of the judgment. But when the judgment grants equitable relief, the attorney's fees shall be based on the amount of time reasonably expended on the case.

HCS HB 2049

Insurance Company Arbitration and Intervention in Sec. 537.065 Cases

Sponsor: Rep. Mary Elizabeth Coleman

Handler: Sen. Ed Emery

STATUS: Not passed

AIM worked with the insurance industry to arrive at mutually beneficial legislation that became HB 2049. Unfortunately, the bill did not pass by the end of the abbreviated session but was so important we voted on the bill in the House.



The bill addresses cases in which a defendant works with plaintiffs' attorneys against the defendant's own insurance company in a dispute – a process allowed under section 537.065, RSMo. Although we attempted to address abuse of this section in legislation passed and signed into law in previous years that allowed insurance companies to intervene in such cases, clever plaintiffs' attorneys found ways to circumvent the process in two ways, both of which are addressed in this bill.

The first way is to move the dispute into the arbitration process. The defendant and plaintiffs' attorney then agree on the arbiter referee that will decide the case against the defendant's insurance company. They constitute two of the three parties involved and outnumber the insurance company in choosing the referee under current law. The bill would have required any such arbitration agreements to be in writing and signed by all parties to the agreement, including the insurance company.

The second way attorneys found to circumvent our earlier change was to claim that although the insurance company may intervene in the case, their power to make motions and materially participate in the case was not explicitly provided for in the statute. Courts essentially allow the insurance company to watch the proceedings without allowing them to fully participate in the proceedings. This court would have allowed the insurance company to materially participate in such cases.

Environmental Law

SCR 38

Denial of Proposed Hazardous Waste Fee Increase

Sponsor: Sen. Cindy O'Laughlin

Handler: Rep. Robert Ross

STATUS: Truly Agreed and Finally Passed – Governor's approval unnecessary

Missouri statutes allow the legislature to void any fee increase proposed by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources and approved by one of the environmental commissions by passage of a concurrent resolution in the House and Senate.

Following many meetings with stakeholders, Associated Industries had initially agreed to not oppose the recommended fee increases provided the Department met two vital conditions.



First, we asked the Department to increase efficiency and correct inappropriate transfers of money from the Hazardous Waste Fund to the Missouri Attorney General for legal services that were not provided in hazardous waste cases. Such transfers are made in violation of the statute. We believe the Department is making a good effort in this area.

Second, we asked the Department to focus their efforts on their core mission: to enforce state and federal laws and regulations, and to cease attempting to enforce guidance documents issued by the Environmental Protection Agency. Such guidance documents have drawn scrutiny by our Congressional delegation because, unlike laws and regulations, guidance documents are issued with little or no oversight or review by elected officials or input from the public and interested parties. We pointed out in our testimony in committee hearings in the House and Senate that such documents bear a disclaimer they are not to be enforced as laws or regulations nor are they to be relied upon by state agencies such as the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

Despite our best efforts to convince them otherwise, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources has continued to move toward revision of certain standards based solely on EPA guidance documents. As such, our second condition was not met, and we publicly supported this resolution stopping the proposed hazardous waste fee increases until such time as the Department abandons actions based on guidance documents.

The conversation with the Department of Natural Resources will continue as we work toward both goals.

Utilities

SS SCS HCS HB 2120

Replacement of Gas Pipelines (ISRS), Water System Security, Lead Testing, Small Wireless Facilities Extension

Sponsor: Rep. Bill Kidd

Handler: Sen. Wayne Wallingford

STATUS: Truly Agreed and Finally Passed

Current law allows gas companies to replace worn out pipes and assess customers an Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge (ISRS) for the costs, with such costs reviewed and adjustments considered by the Public Service Commission in the next rate case of the gas utility.



A recent court challenge resulted in a decision that gas companies could only use this process to replace pipe and infrastructure that was completely worn out. That was not the intent of the original language and this bill corrects the problem by allowing such gas pipeline replacement *before* the pipe becomes a danger.

Associated Industries of Missouri supported this provision of the bill. The surcharge was intended to allow gas companies to replace gas pipeline infrastructure in a timely manner before the pipes develop leaks that can lead to fire and explosions.

Any gas corporation whose ISRS is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to include illegal and inappropriate charges must refund every current customer of the gas corporation who paid such charges, before the gas corporation can file for a new ISRS. Any ISRS petition thereafter shall be accompanied with a verified statement that the gas corporation is using a competitive bidding process for installing no less than 25% of ISRS-eligible gas utility plant projects. Under this bill, the lowest and best bid in the competitive bidding process shall receive the contract to perform the project. The Public Service Commission shall prepare an annual report on the competitive bidding process for the General Assembly beginning December 31, 2023. The provisions relating to the ISRS for gas corporations shall expire on August 28, 2029.

This bill also states that within one year, every community water system in the state that uses an Internet-connected control system must create a plan that establishes policies and procedures for identifying and mitigating cyber risk. They must also create a valve inspection and a hydrant inspection program as specified in the bill and must submit a report upon the request of the Department of Natural Resources that certifies compliance with regulations regarding water quality sampling, testing, reporting, hydrant and valve inspections, and cyber security plans. These requirements do not apply to cities with a population of more than 30,000 inhabitants, Jackson County or St. Louis County.

The bill permits, subject to appropriations, each school district to test a sample of a source of potable water in a public school building in that district serving students under first grade and constructed before 1996 for lead contamination as specified in the bill. The water samples may be submitted to a Department of Health and Senior Services-approved laboratory and the results of such testing may be submitted to the department. If any of the samples tested exceed the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency standard, the school district shall notify the parents or guardians of enrolled students. If the



samples tested are less than or equal to the standard, the district may notify parents individually or on the school's website.

The bill also extends program authorization for small wireless facilities from 2021 to 2025 and for the broadband Internet program in underserved areas from 2018 to 2027.

Taxation

HCS SB 676

Property and Income Taxes

Sponsor: Sen. Tony Luetkemeyer

Handler: Rep. Phil Christofanelli

STATUS: Truly Agreed and Finally Passed

This bill contains important language that allows Missouri tax law to conform to federal law when additional tax liability is found by the Internal Revenue Service in an audit of a partnership. Federal law changed regarding how such additional liability is assessed against partners of the partnership and the language contained in this bill is necessary to properly allocate such additional liability in a manner consistent with these federal law changes.

The bill requires taxpayers in a partnership to report and pay any tax due as a result of federal adjustments from an audit or other action taken by the IRS or reported by the taxpayer on an amended federal income tax return. Such report shall be made to the Department of Revenue on forms prescribed by the Department, and payments of additional tax due shall be made no later than 180 days after the final determination date of the IRS action, as defined in the act.

Partners and partnerships must also report final federal adjustments as a result of partnership level audits or administrative adjustment requests, as defined in the act. Such payments shall be calculated and made as described in the act. Partnerships shall be represented in such actions by the partnership's state partnership representative, which shall be the partnership's federal partnership representative unless otherwise designated in writing.

Partners shall be prohibited from applying any deduction or credit on any amount determined to be owed under this act.



The Department must assess additional tax, interest, and penalties due as a result of federal adjustments under this act no later than three years after the return was filed, as provided in current law, or one year following the filing of the federal adjustments report under this act. For taxpayers who fail to timely file the federal adjustments report as provided under this act, the Department shall assess additional tax, interest, and penalties either by three years after the return was filed, one year following the filing of the federal adjustments report, or six years after the final determination date, whichever is later.

Taxpayers may make estimated payments of the tax expected to result from a pending IRS audit. Such payments shall be credited against any tax liability ultimately found to be due. If the estimated payments exceed the final tax liability, the taxpayer will be entitled to a refund or credit for the excess amount.

These provisions shall apply to any final determinations of adjustment to a taxpayer's federal taxable income or federal adjusted gross income occurring on or after January 1, 2021.

Under this bill, county assessors must conduct a physical inspection of residential real property prior to increasing the assessed valuation of a property by more than fifteen percent since the last property tax assessment. Written notification of such inspection is also required. Current law only requires such steps in St. Louis County.

For property tax assessments and appeals in first class counties, current law provides taxpayers must appeal to the county board of equalization by the third Monday in June and the county board of equalization must meet on the first Monday in July. This act requires taxpayers to appeal to the county board of equalization by the second Monday in July, and the county board of equalization must meet on the third Monday in July.

The bill also shifts the burden of proving an assessment is correct to the assessor and requires physical inspection of properties when the overall assessed valuation increases by more than 15 percent. Currently, that provision only exists in St. Louis City, St. Louis County and St. Charles County.

Amounts received by individual taxpayers through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act will be excluded from income in Missouri under this bill if it would otherwise have been included in income. Federal law excludes such payments from income for tax purposes, but state tax officials worried the interplay between Missouri and federal income taxes could potentially allow such income to increase a taxpayer's liability for state income taxes without this bill.



Healthcare

CCS SS#2 HB 1693

Narcotics Control Act – Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

Sponsor: Rep. Holly Rehder

Handler: Sen. Tony Luetkemeyer

STATUS: Not passed

This bill would have established a statewide prescription drug monitoring program in Missouri. Missouri is the only state without a statewide program of this type. Associated Industries of Missouri supports the program as one way to help fight prescription drug abuse in the workplace.

Currently, local prescription drug monitoring programs are in place, but such systems do not allow a comprehensive picture of the drugs prescribed for a particular patient. Either intentionally or otherwise, patients may obtain multiple prescriptions for the same drug from multiple doctors without such doctors knowing another doctor has already prescribed the drug. The problem not only affects drug abusers, but also the elderly and others that may not remember which medications they are taking when asked by a doctor. In some cases, conflicting drugs may be prescribed by a doctor because the doctor does not have information that would be provided by the prescription drug monitoring program.

Although the bill was not passed, it was important to the business community and we have shown how legislators voted on this measure in our vote ratings.



2020 Legislative Session SENATE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Lauren Arthur	17	Democratic	36	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Mike Bernskoetter	6	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Justin Brown	16	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Eric Burlison	20	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mike Cierpiot	8	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sandy Crawford	28	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mike Cunningham	33	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bill Eigel	23	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ed Emery	31	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dan Hegeman	12	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Denny Hoskins	21	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lincoln Hough	30	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Andrew Koenig	15	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Doug Libla	25	Republican	82	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tony Luetkemeyer	34	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Karla May	4	Democratic	54	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Jamilah Nasheed	5	Democratic	36	Yes	Absent	No	Absent	Yes
Cindy O'Laughlin	18	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bob Onder	2	Republican	54	No	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes



2020 Legislative Session SENATE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Jeanie Riddle	10	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
John Rizzo	11	Democratic	72	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Caleb Rowden	19	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
David Sater	29	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dave Schatz	26	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jill Schupp	24	Democratic	36	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Scott Sifton	1	Democratic	36	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Wayne Wallingford	27	Republican	82	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gina Walsh	13	Democratic	72	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Bill White	32	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Paul Wieland	22	Republican	72	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Brian Williams	14	Democratic	36	Yes	No	No	Yes	No



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Rasheen Aldridge	78	Democratic	30	Yes	Absent	Absent	No	Yes	Absent
Vic Allred	13	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sonya Anderson	131	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Allen Andrews	1	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LaDonna Appelbaum	71	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Dottie Bailey	110	Republican	55	No	Absent	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ben Baker	160	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gretchen Bangert	69	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Donna Baringer	82	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Jerome Barnes	28	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Chuck Basye	47	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Doug Beck	92	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Hardy Billington	152	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rusty Black	7	Republican	70	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
John Black	137	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ashley Bland Manlove	26	Democratic	30	Yes	Absent	No	No	Yes	No
Jack Bondon	56	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LaKeySha Bosley	79	Democratic	30	Yes	No	Absent	Absent	Yes	No
Bob Bromley	162	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Richard Brown	27	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Paula Brown	70	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Ingrid Burnett	19	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Bob Burns	93	Democratic	0	Absent	No	Absent	Absent	Absent	No
Danny Busick	3	Republican	70	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Steve Butz	81	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Jon Carpenter	15	Democratic	15	Yes	No	No	No	Absent	Absent
Chris Carter	76	Democratic	0	Absent	Absent	Absent	No	Absent	Absent
Maria Chappelle-Nadal	86	Democratic	30	Yes	No	Absent	No	Yes	No
Jason Chipman	120	Republican	70	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Phil Christofanelli	105	Republican	70	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Doug Clemens	72	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Jeff Coleman	32	Republican	70	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent	Yes
Mary Elizabeth Coleman	97	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Scott Cupps	158	Republican	85	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bruce DeGroot	101	Republican	70	No	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dirk Deaton	159	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Chris Dinkins	144	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Shamed Dogan	98	Republican	70	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dean Dohrman	51	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
J. Eggleston	2	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mark Ellebracht	17	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Karla Eslinger	155	Republican	85	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
David Evans	154	Republican	45	Yes	Absent	Absent	Absent	Yes	Yes
Bill Falkner	10	Republican	70	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Craig Fishel	136	Republican	70	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Travis Fitzwater	49	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rick Francis	145	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Elaine Gannon	115	Republican	85	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Alan Gray	75	Democratic	15	Yes	No	Absent	No	Absent	No
Alan Green	67	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
David Gregory	96	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Derek Grier	100	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Aaron Griesheimer	61	Republican	55	Yes	Absent	No	Yes	Yes	Absent
Dave Griffith	60	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Trish Gunby	99	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Elijah Haahr	134	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kent Haden	43	Republican	70	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Absent
Mike Haffner	55	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tom Hannegan	65	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jim Hansen	40	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Steve Helms	135	Republican	85	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mike Henderson	117	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ron Hicks	102	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Justin Hill	108	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dan Houx	54	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Barry Hovis	146	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Brad Hudson	138	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tom Hurst	62	Republican	15	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
Keri Ingle	35	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Absent
Jeffery Justus	156	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ann Kelley	127	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hannah Kelly	141	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kip Kendrick	45	Democratic	30	Yes	Absent	No	No	Yes	No
Bill Kidd	20	Republican	45	No	Absent	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes
Jeff Knight	129	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Glen Kolkmeier	53	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Deb Lavender	90	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Tony Lovasco	64	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Warren Love	125	Republican	75	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes
Steve Lynch	122	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ian Mackey	87	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Don Mayhew	121	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tracy McCreery	88	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Andrew McDaniel	150	Republican	60	Yes	No	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes
Peggy McGaugh	39	Republican	85	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mike McGirl	118	Republican	70	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Peter Merideth	80	Democratic	30	Yes	Absent	No	No	Yes	No
Jeffrey Messenger	130	Republican	15	Absent	No	Absent	Absent	Absent	Yes



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Rocky Miller	124	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Gina Mitten	83	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Mike Moon	157	Republican	15	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
Judy Morgan	24	Democratic	15	Absent	No	Absent	Absent	Yes	No
Lynn Morris	140	Republican	75	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Herman Morse	151	Republican	70	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jay Mosley	68	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Dave Muntzel	48	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jim Murphy	94	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jim Neely	8	Republican	55	No	No	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes
Michael O'Donnell	95	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jonathan Patterson	30	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Michael Person	74	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Abstain	No	Yes	Yes
Donna Pfautsch	33	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tommie Pierson Jr.	66	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Randy Pietzman	41	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Patricia Pike	126	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dean Plocher	89	Republican	70	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Jeff Pogue	143	Republican	15	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
Brad Pollitt	52	Republican	70	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Suzie Pollock	123	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jeff Porter	42	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Wiley Price	84	Democratic	15	Yes	No	Absent	No	Absent	No
Raychel Proudie	73	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Crystal Quade	132	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	Absent	Yes	No
Greg Razer	25	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Rodger Reedy	57	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Holly Rehder	148	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tim Remole	6	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Doug Richey	38	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Louis Riggs	5	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Steven Roberts	77	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Lane Roberts	161	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Shane Roden	111	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wes Rogers	18	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Don Rone	149	Republican	30	Yes	Absent	Absent	No	No	Yes
Robert Ross	142	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rory Rowland	29	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Joe Runions	37	Democratic	30	Yes	No	Yes	No	Absent	No
Becky Ruth	114	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Matt Sain	14	Democratic	15	Absent	No	No	No	Yes	No
Robert Sauls	21	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Adam Schnelting	104	Republican	70	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Nick Schroer	107	Republican	55	No	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Mark Sharp	36	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Greg Sharpe	4	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dan Shaul	113	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Jeff Shawan	153	Republican	30	No	Yes	Absent	Absent	Absent	Yes
Brenda Shields	11	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Noel J Shull	16	Republican	0	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent
John Simmons	109	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cody Smith	163	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sheila Solon	9	Republican	60	Yes	Absent	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Chrissy Sommer	106	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bryan Spencer	63	Republican	70	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dan Stacy	31	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mike Stephens	128	Republican	85	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Martha Stevens	46	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Kathryn Swan	147	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nate Tate	119	Republican	15	No	Absent	Yes	Absent	Absent	Absent
Jered Taylor	139	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cheri Toalson Reisch	44	Republican	70	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Curtis Trent	133	Republican	70	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Absent
Sarah Unsicker	91	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Rudy Veit	59	Republican	30	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Absent
Rob Vescovo	112	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



2020 Legislative Session HOUSE VOTES

Name	District	Party	Score	HB 1693	HB 2049	HB 2120	SB 591	SB 676	SCR 38
Sara Walsh	50	Republican	70	No	Yes	Abstain	Yes	Yes	Yes
Barbara Washington	23	Democratic	45	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
John Wiemann	103	Republican	85	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kenneth Wilson	12	Republican	60	No	Yes	Yes	Absent	Yes	Yes
Kevin Windham	85	Democratic	30	Yes	No	Abstain	No	Yes	Absent
David Wood	58	Republican	85	Absent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dale Wright	116	Republican	100	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yolanda Young	22	Democratic	30	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No